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IS Quality Model on Academic Information System Software: A Proposed Model

Abatract

Academic information system software currently available does not fully apply the quality model as its system instrument. Quality instruments are needed as a determinant of the quality of academic information system software. The IS quality model is a conceptual quality instrument model that it plements and focuses the standardization of usability and security behavior on a website-based academic information system. The IS quality model consists of usability-focused IS quality instruments and security-focused IS quality instrument. Quality Structure and Quality Factors The IS Quality Model and Quality Model Questionnaire Method are the most appropriate methods to describe a proposed allity model. IS quality instruments focused on usability are IS quality instruments that determine usability behavior in academic information system software, namely understandability, learnability, operability, attractiveness, and usability compliance. The six IS security-focused quality instruments that be possessed by an academic information system namely privacy, confidentiality, integrity, authentication, availability, and access control. The IS quality model will provide quality assurance for a software that has a comprehensive quality factor that is easy to learn and use., providing satisfaction in interacting, a high level of reliability, safety, and the availability of information.

Key Words: IS Quality Model, academic information system software, usability-focused IS quality instrument, security-focused IS quality security-focused IS quality

1. Introduction

Academic information system software (AISS) is a system software that provides academic services in an educational institution, college or high school [1].

The current AISS does not fully adopt the quality model as its instrument system [1]. Each of the quality models has different quality 20 truments [1]. The IS quality model is the aim of th 1 paper which is to propose a quality model that is a reference for an academic information system. Academic information systems (AIS) are currently being built using website-based applications [2]. Website-based applications have a standard of two quality sides, namely security quality [3] and usability quality [4]. Implemented security instruments must be able to provide quality security in the domain of academic information systems (AIS) and high usability functions.

The quality of the system significantly influences the quality of information [5]. The IS quality model is a quality instrument model that implements and focuses the standardization of usability and security behavior that must be possessed by an academic information system based on website applications.

The IS quality instrument focused on usability is the IS quality instrument that determines the usability behavior of academic information system software (AISS). There are five reusability behaviors of IS quality instruments that AISS must possess. First, understandability is AISS reusability behavior that is easily understood by users. The usability behavior of the second IS quality instrument is learnability, which is the easy to use AISS reusability behavior resulting in an efficient use of time because AISS has complete user documentation and assistance facilities. Operability is the third IS instrument quality reusability behavior, which is the AISS usability behavior that is easy to operate to assess and control the level of software usage by users. The usability behavior of IS quality instruments is furthermore an interesting interaction, and adjusting the appearance of the user interface is an attractiveness-focused usability behavior that AISS must have. Usability compliance is the last AISS usability behavior, which is the ability of AISS to meet the rules of related software usability.

IS quality focused security instruments are IS quality instruments which are the basic aspects of academic information system software security (AISS). There are five basic aspects of IS quality instrument safety that must be owned by AISS, the first is privacy and confidentiality. Each of these aspects is implemented for data whose properties and objectives are different. The privacy aspect is used for private data, while the confidentiality aspect is for data provided to other parties for certain purposes. The second IS security-focused quality instrument is the aspect of integrity, that is, the basic aspect of security of the information

received must be exactly and exactly as when the information was sent. The third IS securityfocused quality instrument is authentication, which is a basic aspect of security related to methods or ways to state that the information is truly genuine, the person accessing or providing information is really the intended person or the server being contacted is really the original server. The basic framework for the security aspect of an AISS is the availability of the basic aspects of security related to the availability of data and information in a system and can be utilized by those who are entitled. Access control is an IS focused quality instrument of security which is the last basic security aspect related to how access is managed to information

The IS quality instrument is focused on usability and the IS quality instrument is security focused showing the quality of the system significantly influences the quality of information.

2. The Material

2.1 Somware Quality Assurance

Software quality assurance is a match between functional and needs, software quality standards and the implicit characteristics expected of professional software developers. Under IEEE [6] software quality assurance is a plan and systematic pattern needed to produce products that meet the requirements, and a series of activities created to carry out an evaluation process based on the product being built. The objectives of software quality assurance in software development are as follows:

1. 2 sure the level of software confidence is based on requirements

2. Ensuring the level of confidence that the software will be in accordance with the specified time and development fulls that have been determined to determine the requirements.

3. Initiation and management activities to increase and improve the efficiency of software development and software quality assurance.

2.2 Web Based Application Quality Model (WBAQM)

The Academic Information System (AISS) software implements WBAQM as the main framework for its system quality instrument. The academic information system software quality instrument is a quality measurement tool specifically 23 plemented at AISS. At present, many AISS are built using web-based applications [7]. WBAQM was built with different programming models, technologies and languages and is used to implement highly interactive applications that have very high quality requirements. ISO / IEC 9126 [8] and ISO / IEC 25010: 2011 are software quality standar 19 that are widely used, where ISO / IEC 9126 has six quality factors namely functionality, reliability 2 sability, efficiency and maintainability. Whereas ISO / IEC 25010 is a quality model that improves the previous quality model namely ISP / IEC 9126 by adding safety characteristics [9]. In addition, ISO / IEC 25010 is used because of its flexibility and generality. Implementation of quality factors from quality models that have quality standards is the reason Web Based Application Quality Model (WBAQM) becomes the main framework of a Software Academic Information System (AISS).

3. The Method

3.1 Quality Model Questionnaire Method

Quality Model Questionnaire Method is a research method in the form of selected questions consisting of Basic Quality Questionnaire Method for AISS, Basic Quality Model Questionnaire Method, Usability Questionnaire Method and Security Questionnaire Method. The purpose of the Quality Model Questionnaire Method is to determine the most appropriate parameters as a description of a quality model.

3.1.1 Basic Quality Questionnaire Method for AISS

Attractiveness 18Annoying/Enjoyable

2. Bad/Good

3. Unlikeable/Pleasing

4. Unattractive/Attractive

5. Unfriendly/Friendly

- Efficiency
- 3 Slow/Fast

2. Inefficient/Efficient

3. Impractical/Practical

4. Cluttered/Organized

Perspicuity

1. Not understandable/Understandable

2. Difficult to learn/Easy to learn

- 3. Complicated/Easy
- 4. Confusing/Clear
- Dependability
- 1. Unpredictable/Predictable
- 2. Obstructive/Supportive
- 3. Not secure/Secure
- 4. Does not meet expectation/Meet expectation
- Stimulation
 - 3 Interior/Valueable
- 2. Boring/Exiting
- 3. Not interesting/Interesting
- 4. Demotivating/Motivating
- Novelty
- 1. Dull/Creative
- 2. Conventional/Inventive
- 3. Usual/Leading edge
- 4. Conservative/Innovative

3.1.2 Usability Questionnaire Method

A. The choice of parameters below is the most appropriate parameter to describe understandability as an IS quality instrument focused on usability

* Satisfy users / Not satisfy users

* Consistent to obey the rules / Inconsistently obey the rules

* Facilitate users / Not satisfy users

* Has a quick tool / Does not have a quick tool

* Informative feedback / Feedback is not informative

* Can prevent user errors / Can not prevent user errors

* Provides simple, specific, and constructive instructions for recovery when an error occurs / Cannot make a mistake when an error occurs

* Provides support to users / Does not provide support to users

* Simple / Complicated

B. The choice of parameters below is the most appropriate parameter describing the implementation of an IS quality learnability instrument focused on usability in an AISS * Webside based / spreadsheet based * Having a quick tutorial / Not having a quick tutorial

* Easy to understand / Difficult to understand

* Easy to learn and use / Difficult to learn and use * The use of efficient time / Time-consuming

* Effectiveness of aid facilities / No assistance

facilities

* More complete / 16 nctional incomplete

* Motivate users to use software / Not motivate users to use software

C. The parameter choices below are the parameters that best describe the operability of an IS quality instrument focused on the reusability of an AISS

* Easy to operate / Difficult to operate

* Check input validity / No input validity

* Cancel user operation / Cannot cancel user operation

* Delaying user operations / Unable to delay user operations

* Customed / No customed

* Monitoring operating status / There is no monitoring of operating status

* Operational consistency / no operational consistency

* Message clear / Message unclear

* Recovering operational errors / Unable to recover operational errors

D. The choice of parameters below is the parameter that best describes the attractiveness of IS quality instruments focused on usability in an AISS

* Attractive interactions are focused on color attributes and graphic design / Unattractive interactions

* The appeal (charm) of a software / One of the security holes in the software

* User interface design can be adjusted / User interface design is not adapted to the user

* Attractive and fun website graphic design Monotonous website graphic design

* Easily find information / Not easily find information

* Having tools / No tools

* Content in accordance with the software function / Content does not correspond to the software function

* Content size must fit / Content size does not fit

* Different information groupings must be done correctly / There is no grouping of information

E. The choice of parameters below is the parameter that best describes the usability compliance instrument IS quality focused reusability on an AISS * Learnability shows that AISS is easy to 8 arn and

use / It is common knowledge that users don't like to spend a lot of time learning how the system works.

Efficiency refers to ways that AISS can do to support users doing their work / AISS efficiency is not needed to support users in carrying out their work.

* Memorability shows the ability of AISS is a system that is easy to remember / A system that is difficult to remember requires users to learn AISS from the start.

* Errors and security involve protecting users from unwanted and dangerous conditions and situations / No need to prevent users from making mistakes.

* Satisfaction shows a situation where the user feels satisfied after using AISS due to the convenience possessed by AISS.

3.1.3 Security Questionnaire Method

A. The parameter selection below is the parameter that best describes the privacy security-focused IS quality instrument in an AISS

* Efforts to safeguard information from people who are not entitled to access / Privacy is not one aspect of security.

* Privacy data on security-focused IS quality instruments are private / Private is not the data settings relating to the regulation of access to information.

* Privacy is one of the basic aspects of security / a basic aspect of security is the effort to protect information from people who have the right to access information.

* Privacy related to how to regulate access to information / Information settings do not require privacy.

* Data classification related to regulating access to information / Private is not data classification.

* Privacy and authentication are mechanisms used to limit system access / Unlimited access for all users.

B. The choice of parameters below is the parameter that best describes the confidentiality of securityfocused IS quality instruments in an AISS

* Ability to maintain the confidentiality of data for certain purposes and are only allowed for certain purposes / Confidentiality of data only for certain petrate.

* Confidentia 44 is a protection of data and information / Confidentiality is the limitations of dat 15 d information.

* Protection of data and information from unauthorized disclosure / Ignorance of data and information from unauthorized disclosure.

* Data and information can only be accessed by authorized people / Data and information cannot be accessed and changed.

* Confidentiality relates to data provided to other parties for certain purposes and is only allowed for certain purposes / Confidentiality does not relate to access to information.

* The basic aspects of information security / Confidentiality are not basic aspects of system security.

C. The choice of parameters below is the parameter that best describes the integrity security-focused IS quality instrument of 5 AISS

* Information may not be changed without the permission of the owner **5** the information / Information may be changed without the permission of the owner of the information

* Information received must be exactly and exactly as when the information was sent / Information received does not have to be the same as when the information was sent. * Viruses, Trojan horses, other users are an integrity problem / Integrity problems lie in the system.

* Access to change data and information can only be done by the rightful owner of the data and information / Anyone who has access to change data and information is the owner of the data and information.

* Appropriate data integrity is needed to maintain and maintain data and information / Data integrity is not required from people who are not entitled to access information.

* Ability to maintain and maintain data and information / Inability to maintain and maintain data and information.

D. The parameter selection below is the parameter that best describes the safety security-focused IS quality instrument on an AISS

* The password method is used to connect to the server and get service / Connect with server and get service does not require a password.

* Authentication is a way to state that the information is truly authentic / Authentication is a method of obtaining information.

* How to declare the server that we are contacting is really the original server by using a password / No need to use a password when cross-checking.

* A character given by the user to the server and the server recognizes it in accordance with the existing policy / password does not need to be used when wanting to access information on the server.

* Authentication is a way of stating that the person accessing the information is really the person in question / No authentication is required to certify that the person accessing the information is the same.

* The way of stating that the person providing the information is really the person meant by entering the password into the server, if the server recognizes that person is the giver of information / Password is an ancient method for connecting to the server and getting service.

E. The parameter options below are the parameters that best describe the availability of securityfocused IS quality instruments on an AISS

* Availability of data and information when needed / Absence of data and information when needed.

* Data and information in a computer system are available and can be used by people who are entitled / Data and information can be used by people who are not entitled.

* A server down due to hacking is a matter of system availability / Availability related to the unavailability of information.

* Availability relates to the availability of information when needed / Information does not always exist when needed.

* People who are entitled to can make use of available data and information / Availability of data and information cannot always be utilized.

* DoS attacks cause the unavailability of data and information services on a server / unavailability of data and information services on a server not related to the availability aspect. F. The choice of parameters below is the parameter that best describes the access control securityfocused IS quality instrument on an AISS

* Access control is related to how to manage access to information / Arrangement of access to information is not necessary.

* Classification of data relating to the way arrangements for access to information need to be done so that users are limited according to the level of needs / Access to information is not linear with the level of information needs.

* The authentication and privacy mechanism used to classify data / access control does not require data classification.

* User ID and password used for access control / access control is not used as a limitation of user access.

* Privacy related to how to regulate access to information / Information settings do not require privacy.

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Proposed IS Quality Model

The IS quality model is a quality instrument that implements and focuses the model standardization of usability and security behavior on a website-based academic information system. The structure of the IS quality model consists of two quality instruments namely usability-focused IS quality instruments and IS quality-focused security instruments. Usability-focused IS quality instrument is an IS quality instrument that determines usability behavior7h academic information system software, namely understandability, learnability, operability, attractiveness and usability compliance. Whereas IS quality instruments are focused on security that must be possessed by an academic information system namely privacy, confidentiality, integrity, authentication, availability, and control access.



Figure 1. Structure of IS Quality Model Usability-focused IS quality instrument and security-focused IS quality instrument of IS quality model can be seen from table 2 and table 3:

Table 1. Usability-Focused IS Quality Instrument of IS Quality Model

Inst	rument of IS Quality I	vlodel
	Quality Instrument	Description
	Understandability	User
		interaction
		satisfaction
		quality
		instrument
	Learnability	Quality
		instruments
		are easy to
		learn and use
		by users
	Operability	Quality
		instruments

		created to		Access	control	How to	
		overcome				manage	
Usability-		problems				information	
Focused IS		faced by users				access	
Quality	Attractiveness	Quality	4.2. Quali	ty Stru	cture a		itv
Instrument	1 million chiess	instruments			ability-F		IS
		make				ocuseu	10
		interesting	Quality Ins	trumen			
		interactions,		Perspe	aut a	Focused IS Quality	
		and			1	nstrument	
		user interface					
		display can be				V	
		adjusted.	Quality				
	Usability	Quality	V	V	V	V	
	compliance	institutients	Understandability	Learnability	Operability	Attractiveness	Usability
		are defined as the degree of					Compliance
		ability of a			-		
		software to	Quality, Eactor		V	V	V.
		help users		1. Easy to	1. Check input	1. Interesting	
		complete a	1. Satisfying Users	understand	validity 2. The ability to	interactions	1. Learnability
		task.	2. Consistency	2. Easy to use	cancel user	2. The user interface display can be	(ability to learn)
Table 2	2. Security-Focused I	S Quality	obeys rules		operations	adjusted	2. Efficiency
Inst	ument of IS Quality		3. Make it easy for	3. Easy to	3. The ability to negotiate user		3. Easy to remem 4. Error and secur
	Quality	Description	users	learn	operations		5. Satisfaction
	Instrument		4. Informative feedback	4. Does not	4. Ease of		
	Privacy	Efforts to	5. Prevent and	require	customization 5. Ease of		
		safeguard information	correct errors	wasteful time	customization		
		from people	6. Give support to		6. Ability to		
		who have no	users		monitor operating status		
		right to access	7. Effective and efficient		7. Operational		
		and the nature	emoent		consistency		
		of private data			8. Clarity of		
	Confidentiality	Data is			message 9. Clarity of		
		provided to			interface elements		
		other parties			10. Ability to		
		for a specific			recover		
		purpose and is	Figure 2. Qua	lity Struct	ure and Ou	ality Factors	of
		only allowed for that				Instrument	
		particular				ns are curre	
		purpose.	widely used as				
	Integrity	The nature of	academic inf				
		information	applications ha				
		must not be	quality, namel quality of secu		ty of reuse	ibility [4] and	the
		changed	The proposed	IS quality	model w	ill be tried to	he he
		without the	implemented i				
Security-		permission of	website-based				
Focused IS		the owner of	from two_si				
Quality Instrument	Authentication	the information	usability qual				
msuument	Authentication	The way to state that	Quality Model				
		information,	Academic Inf				
		people, or	The reusability				
		servers are	respectively a				
		truly authentic.	quality model models.	instrumer	its and 15	O 25010 qua	anty
	Availability	Availability of		1 chou	a the atm	icture of the	TC
		data and	quality model				: 15
		information	Level 1: Identi				del
		when needed and utilized.	Level 2: Quali				

Identification of perspectives using the quality model is the first level of an IS quality model structure where the IS quality model is a perspective that uses the quality model as a reference. Quality categorization of the perspective of the quality model is the second level of the IS quality model where there are two types of quality contained by the IS quality model, namely the IS quality instrument focused on usability and security 12 used IS quality instrument.

According to ISO, quality is "the totality of characteristics of an entity that depends on its ability to meet existing needs". The quality model is software that is a reference for measuring the quality of a product. The IS quality model consists of two characteristics, namely reusability and safety.

In Figure 2. there is a quality structure and quality factor IS quality instruments focused usability consisting of three levels, namely:

Level 1: Identify the instrument quality perspective of the model

Level 2: Quality categorization of the perspective of the instrument quality models

Level 3: Mapping of quality factors against the perspective of the model quality instruments

Identification of the instrument quality model perspective is the first level of the quality instrument IS focused usability structure is a perspective that contains quality. The second level of quality instruments IS focused usability structure, namely quality. There are five types of qualities contained by the quality instrument IS focused usability, namely understandability, learnability, operability, attractiveness, and usability compliance. The third level is the mapping of quality factors against the perspective of the model quality instruments namely the quality factors that become the requirements, considerations, and the nature of each quality instrument.

IS quality instruments focused on usability are the instruments found in the proposed IS quality model, which determine the usability behavior of an ademic information system software that is understandability, learnability, operability, attractiveness and usability compliance. There is a relationship between usability and the quality of user experience [10].

1. Understandability is a quality instrument in the IS quality model that is user satisfaction when using academic information system software (AISS). This IS quality instrument will provide satisfaction in interacting if AISS fulfills Shneiderman's eight rules, namely [11]: consistency, fast key facilities, 10 prmative feedback, dialogue design that leads to closure, error prevention and error handling, reversal of easy actions, support for internal locus of control, and reduction of short-term memory load.

T-	- 1 -	2	
1 a	ble	5.	

Quality of Understandability as Usability Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information

System Software (AISS)				
	Quality Factor	Description		
	User	The process		
	satisfaction	of using and		
		knowledge of		
		the ability of		
		the system to		
		overcome the		
		delay, the		
		reliability of		
		the software.		
	Consistently	The rules		
	obey the rules	continue		
	Make it easy	The tools used		
Understandability	for users	to help users		
Quality	Informative	User		
	feedback	Feedback		
	Prevent and	Efforts are		
	correct errors	made to		
		prevent and		
		correct user		
		errors		
	Give support	Support for		
	to users	users facing		
		difficulties		
		and		
		disabilities		
	Effective and	Reduction of		
	efficient	short-term		
		memory load		
		software		

2. *Learnability* is an IS quality focused instrument that must be possessed by every AISS **13** is easy to learn and use. This is because users don't like to spend a lot of time learning how the system works.

Table 4. Quality of Learnability as Usability Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information System Software (AISS)

Informa	Information System Software (AISS)				
	Quality Factor	Description			
	Easy to	The ability of			
	understand	AISS is			
		understood			
Learnability	Easy to use	AISS capability			
Quality		is used			
	Easy to learn	The ability of			
		AISS is			
		understood			
	Does not	The ability of			
	require	AISS saves time			
	wasteful time	in its use.			
	in its use				

3. *Operability* is an IS usability-focused quality instrument that AISS must have. This is based on a software must design / develop systems that have high usability. Operability is a quality instrument created to overcome problems faced by users such as confusion when being in a content, requires a

long time to learn the system, or users have a high level of difficulty when using software. Table 5. Quality of Operability as Usability Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information System Software (AISS)

mioin	ation System Soft	wale (AIBB)
	Quality Factor	Description
	Check input	AISS ability to
	validity	check valid data
	the ability to	The ability of
	cancel user	AISS to cancel
	operations	the function
		implemented by
		the user
	The ability to	AISS ability to
	negotiate user	download
	operations	implemented
	-	functions
	Ease of	The ease of
	customization	function is
		customizable
Operability		during operation
Quality	Ability to	Status monitoring
	monitor	capability
	operating status	
	Operational	Operations with
	consistency	inconsistent
		behavior
	Clarity of	The message is
	message	implemented with
		a clear
		explanation
	Clarity of	Interface
	interface	elements that
	elements	have their own
		explanation
	Ability to	Implementation
	recover	with user error
	operational	tolerance
	errors	

4. *Attractiveness* is a powerful, versatile design tool that helps solve problems that are currently plaguing the development of digital products, especially AISS. There are challenges in developing a product, that is, the user is elastic, the nature of the user is always changing and never satisfied. Therefore, a product has been completed, meaning that the word is not yet finished, because there is a next stage, which is the development of the finished product. To answer these challenges the IS quality model provides solutions to AISS products, namely:

1. An interesting interaction, focused on the color attributes and graphic design

2. The user interface display can be adjusted. Both of the above solutions offered answer the user's elastic nature which is often changing and never satisfied, namely designing the AISS interface as per the user's wishes and focusing on color and graphic design.

Table 6. Quality of Attractiveness as Usability Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information System Software (AISS)

	Quality	Description
	Factor	-
	Interesting	Color attributes
	interaction	and color design
		make interactions
		interesting
Attractiveness	User interface	The elastic nature
Quality	can be	of the user who
	adjusted	changes frequently
	-	and is never
		satisfied is the
		reason that the
		interface design is
		tailored to the
		user's wishes.

11). Usability compliance is a quality that is defined as the degree of ability of a software to he 22 users complete a task. The success of a system to help users complete a task is determined by a combination of three words "use"[12] which all must 4 correct, namely:

1. Useful: a system that functions as desired by its users

2.Usable: the system is easy to operate

3.Used: a system that motivates users to use it, is interesting, fun, and so on.

Table 7. Quality of Usability Compliance as Usability Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information System Software (AISS)

	Quality	Factor	Description
			AISS must be
	Learnabil	ity	easy to learn
			and use
			Ways that AISS
	Efisiensi		can do to
			support users in
			carrying out
Usability			their work
Compliance			The ability of an
			AISS is
			remembered
	Memorab	ility	even if for a
		2	certain period of
			time it is not
			used
			The ability of
	Error and		an AISS to
	security		protect users
			from unwanted
			conditions and
			situations.
			The ability of
	Satisfacti	on	AISS gives
			satisfaction to
			the user with
			the convenience
			it has
1.3 Quality	/ Struc	turo	and Quality

4.3 Quality Structure and Quality Factor of Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument

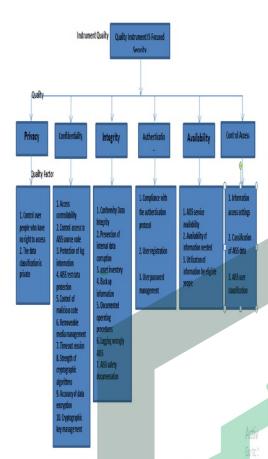


Figure. 3 Quality Structure and Quality Factor of Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument

In Figure 3. there is a quality structure and security-focused quality factor IS quality instrument consisting of three levels, namely:

Level 1: Identify the instrument quality perspective of the model

Level 2: Quality categorization of the perspective of the instrument quality models

Level 3: Mapping of quality factors against the perspective of the model quality instruments

Identification of the instrument quality model perspective is the first level of the quality instrument IS focused security structure is a perspective that contains quality. The second level of the IS instrument focused structure of quality security is quality. There are 6 types of quality contained by IS focused security instrument quality, privacy, confidentiality, namely integrity, authentication, availability, and control access. The third level is the mapping of quality factors to the perspective of the model quality instruments namely the quality factors that become the requirements, considerations, and the nature of each quality instrument.

4.3.1 Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument

Safety-focused IS quality instruments are the instruments contained in the proposed IS quality

model, which determine the security behavior of an academic information system software that is privacy, confidentiality, integrity, authentication, availability and control access.

1. *Privacy*, is an effort to safeguard information from people who are not entitled to access and lead to AISS data that is private.

Table 8. Privacy as Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information System

Software (AISS
------------	------

	Factor Quality	Description
	Control over	Efforts are made
	people who have	to safeguard
Privacy	no right to access	information from
		people who are
		not entitled to
		access.
	Data	Classifying
	classification is	towards private
	private.	data.
0 0 0	1	CC +

2. *Confidentiality*, is an effort to safeguard information by providing AISS data to other parties for certain purposes and is only allowed for that particular purpose.

Table 9. Confidentiality as Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information

Sy	stem Soft	ware (A	ISS)
	Factor Q	uality	Description
	Access c	ontrol	AISS access
			control is
			under user
			control
	Control a		Restrict users
	to AISS	source	to access
_	code		information
			using the AISS
			source code
	Log		Protect
	informat		information
	protectio	n	against
			unauthorized
			access from an
			attacker.
	AISS tes		Protect AISS
	protectio		test results
	Control o		Limiting codes
	maliciou	s code	of unknown
			functions and
			benefits which
			can be active
			at any time
			and cause
			harm to AISS.
	Removea	able	The process of
	media		setting up
	managen	nent	removeable
			media is
			computer
			storage media
			designed to be
			inserted and

		removed from		internal data	prevent damage or
		AISS		corruption	loss of data
	Time out	The time taken		Asset inventory	Management of
	session	by the user is			data and
		logged in but			information to
		with no			avoid damage or
Confidentiality		activity at all,			loss caused by
		as a result the			viruses, Trojans,
		user is logged			or other users who
		out			change
		automatically.			information
	The nerven of	The functions			without
	The power of				
	cryptographic	of			permission.
	algorithms	cryptographic	T	Back up	The process of
		algorithms are	Integrity	information	backing up data b
		encryption,			copying or
		description			archiving
		and keys. This			computer data so
		algorithm			that the data can
		functions to			be reused if there
		hide			is damage or loss.
		information		Documented	AISS operating
		from people		operating	procedures are
		who are not		procedures	created,
		entitled to the			documented,
		information.			implemented and
	Data	Safeguarding			maintained
	Encryption	the data sent to		Logging is wrong	Incorrect reports
	Acuracy	maintain		AISS	or records that
		confidentiality,		1100	occur on AISS are
		where the			caused by viruses.
		plaintext			Trojan horses and
		(original			hackers.
		message) is		AISS safety	The process of
		changed into		documentation	collecting,
		codes that are		documentation	selecting,
		not			
		understood.			processing and
					storing
	Cryptographic	The process of			information and
	key	regulating data			data from AISS as
	management	security by			a security
		private key			procedurg
		and public key		cation, is a way	
		when doing		is truly genuine, the	
		encryption and	providing in	nformation is real	ly the person in
	1			11 11 1	

decryption. 3. Integrity is a shality that emphasizes that information must not be changed without the permission of the owner of the information. The information received must be exactly the same as when the information was uploaded into AISS. Table 10. Integrity as Security-Focused IS

Quality Instrument in Academic Information Creat Coff

System Soft	ware (AISS)	Authentication	The process of
Quality Fa	ctor Description	protocol	confirmation of
Conformity	of The information or	compliance	identity as a
data integrit	y data received must	-	procedure for
	be as exact and the		approval of
	same as when the		accessing or
	information or		providing
	data was sent.		information to
Prevention of	of Actions that		those who are

AISS services.

question, or the server that we are contacting is

really the original server. This instrument uses the

password method to connect to the server and get

Table 11. Authentication as Security-Focused IS

Quality Instrument in Academic Information

System Software (AISS)

Quality Factor

Description

of

		entitled.
	User	User
	registration	registration
Authentication	-	before AISS
	User password	
	management	
	Access rights	The process of
	management	managing
	_	rights
		connected to
		the server and
		get AISS
		services
	Restricted	Access control
	access to	procedures for
	information	those entitled
		to access
		information.

5. *Availability*, This quality instrument is related to conditions where data and information are ready to be used when needed. AISS data and information are stored on the server so that they are ready to be used and utilized by people entitled to it.

Table 12. Availability as Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information System Software (AISS)

~	ystem somme (1)	100)
	Quality Factor	Description
	AISS service	Conditions
	availability	where AISS
		services are
Availability		ready to be used
		when needed
	Availability of	Conditions
	information	where
	needed	information is
		ready to be used
		when needed
	Utilization of	Conditions where
	information by	information is
	eligible people	only ready to be
		used and utilized
		by people entitled
		to it

6. Control access, is a way to manage information access, every data and user who is in AISS is classified. The access mechanism for this quality instrument uses the user id/password method for each AISS.

Table 13. Control Access as Security-Focused IS Quality Instrument in Academic Information

System Software (AISS)			
	Quality Factor	Description	
	Information	The method used	
	access settings	to limit access to	
Control		information as	
access		needed	
	AISS data	Data settings	
	classification	from the right to	
		access	
	AISS user	User settings	
	classification	based on the level	
		of needs.	

The IS quality model is a proposed quality instrument model that implements and focuses the standardization of usability and security behavior on a website-based academic information system.

The structure of the IS quality model consists of 2 quality instruments, namely the IS quality instrument focused on usability and the IS quality instrument focused on security. IS quality instruments focused on usability are the instruments round in the proposed IS quality model, which determine the usability behavior of an academic formation system software (AISS) namely understandability, learnability, operability, attractiveness and usability compliance. Whereas IS quality focused instruments are security instruments contained in the proposed S quality model, which determines the security behavior of an academic information system software (AISS) namely privacy, confidentiality, integrity, authentication, availability and access control.

The quality structure and the quality factor of the proposed usability focused IS quality instrument consists of three levels, namely: the first level of the quality instrument IS focused usability structure is a perspective that contains quality. The second level of quality instruments IS focused usability structure, namely quality. There are five types of qualities contained by the **7** ality instrument IS focused usability, namely understandability, learnability, operability, attractiveness, and usability compliance. The third level is the mapping of quality factors to the perspective of the model quality instruments, which are quality factors focused on usability which are the requirements, considerations, and nature of each quality instrument.

The proposed quality structure and the quality factor of the IS quality focused security model IS quality model consists of identifying the perspective of the instrument quality model as the first level of the quality instrument IS focused security structure where the quality instrument IS focused security structure is a perspective that contains quality. The second level of the IS instrument focused structure of quality security is quality. There are 6 types of quality contained by IS focused security instrument quality, namely privacy, confidentiality, integrity, authentication, availability, and control access. The third level is the mapping of quality factors against the perspective of the model quality instruments, namely the quality factors focused on safety which are the requirements, considerations, and nature of each quality instrument.

5. CONCLUSIONS

This study propose conceptual model based on a quality model. The quality model is software that is a reference for measuring the quality of a product. The IS quality model is a proposed quality instrument model that implements and focuses the standardization of usability and security behavior on a website-based academic information system. The idea of implementing the IS quality model is on a website-based application, because website-based applications have two sides of the standardization of Curity quality and usability quality besides the Web Based Application Quality Model (WBAQM) is the main framework of an Academic Information System Software (AISS).

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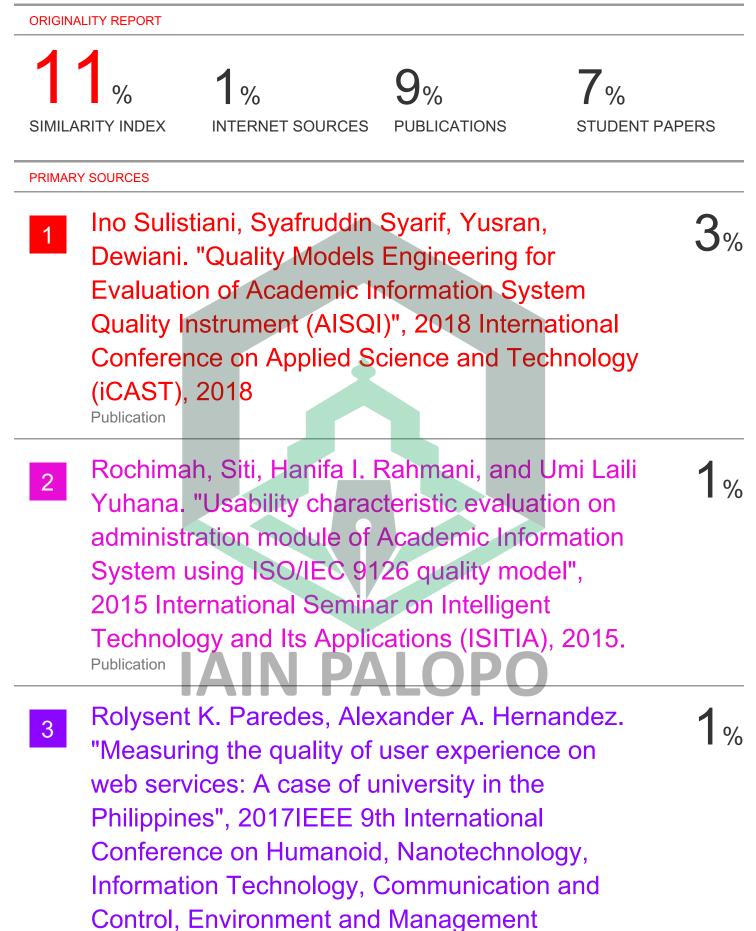
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